$\label{eq:thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} TABLE~2. Number, incidence~rate1, and median days2 away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work3 for musculoskeletal disorders4 by part of body and ownership, Kansas, 2013 \\ \end{tabular}$

Part	Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs)		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
Total private industry ^{5,6,7}	2,660	29.3	10
Neck, including throat	20	.2	20
Neck, except internal location of diseases or disorders	20	.2	20
Trunk	1,220	13.4	10
Chest, including ribs, internal organs	30	.3	8
Chest, except internal location of diseases or disorders	30	.3	8
Back, including spine, spinal cord	1,010	11.2	8
	,		15
Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified	390	4.3	
Thoracic region	70	.7	4
Lumbar region	510	5.6	7
Multiple back regions	50	.5	4
Abdomen	140	1.6	27
Abdomen, except internal location of diseases or disorders	140	1.6	30
Pelvic region	40	.4	4
Groin	30	.3	4
Upper extremities	940	10.3	13
Shoulder(s), including clavicle(s), scapula(e)	360	4.0	21
Arm(s)	200	2.2	10
Arm(s), unspecified	30	.3	32
Upper arm(s)	50	.6	9
Elbow(s)	80	.9	7
` '	30	.3	37
Forearm(s)		2.8	9
Wrist(s)	260	_	_
Hand(s)	50	.6	16
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	20	.2	2
Multiple upper extremities locations	50	.6	11
Hand(s) and arms(s)	20	.2	13
Hand(s) and wrist(s)	20	.2	2
Lower extremities	390	4.2	10
Leg(s)	280	3.1	19
Knee(s)	270	3.0	22
Ankle(s)	80	.9	2
Multiple body parts	80	.9	5
	20	.3	5
Hip(s) and leg(s)	20	.ა) 5
Hip(s) and leg(s) Other multiple body parts	20 40	.5 .5	15

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 2. Number, incidence rate1, and median days2 away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work³ for musculoskeletal disorders⁴ by part of body and ownership, Kansas, 2013 -

Part	Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs)		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
Total local government ^{5,6,7}	320	29.8	4
Trunk	170	16.3	5
Back, including spine, spinal cord	150	14.3	5
Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified	90	8.5	10
Lumbar region	50	4.6	4
Abdomen	20	1.8	5
Abdomen, except internal location of diseases or disorders	20	1.8	5
Upper extremities	90	8.3	4
Shoulder(s), including clavicle(s), scapula(e)	50	4.3	2
Wrist(s)	20	1.7	7
Lower extremities	30	2.7	3
Multiple body parts	30	2.4	4

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

= number of iniuries and illnesses EΗ hours worked employees = total by all during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

⁴ Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs) include cases where the nature of the injury or illness is pinched nerve; herniated disc; meniscus tear; sprains, strains, tears; hernia (traumatic and nontraumatic); pain, swelling, and numbness; carpal or tarsal tunnel syndrome; Raynaud's syndrome or phenomenon; musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders, and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is overexertion and bodily reaction, unspecified; overexertion involving outside sources; repetitive motion involving microtasks; other and multiple exertions or bodily reactions; and rubbed, abraded, or jarred by vibration.

Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System-- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.